Role of zinc in bone metabolism

Osamu Kozawa,^a Shinji Takai,^a Yoshiteru Hanai,^{a,b} and Haruhiko Tokuda,^{a,b} ^a Department of Pharmacology, Gifu University Graduate School of Medicine, Gifu 501-1194, Japan; ^b Department of Clinical Laboratory, National Hospital for Geriatric Medicine, National Center for Geriatrics and Gerontology, Obu, Aichi 474-8511, Japan

Summary

We previously reported that basic fibroblast growth factor (FGF-2) activates stress-activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAPK/JNK) and p44/p42 mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase resulting in the stimulation of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) release in osteoblast-like MC3T3-E1 cells. In the present study, we investigated whether zinc affects the VEGF release by FGF-2 in MC3T3-E1 cells. The FGF-2-induced VEGF release was significantly enhanced by ZnSO₄ but not Na₂SO₄. The enhancing effect of ZnSO₄ was dose-dependent between 1 and 100 μ M. ZnSO₄ markedly enhanced the FGF-2-induced phosphorylation of p44/p42 MAP kinase while having little effect on the SAPK/JNK phosphorylation. PD98059 significantly reduced the amplification by ZnSO₄ of the bFGF-stimulated VEGF release. Taken together, our findings strongly suggest that zinc enhances FGF-2-stimulated VEGF release resulting from up-regulating activation of p44/p42 MAP kinase in osteoblasts.